

Introducing Formal Languages and Compilers Laboratory

## Introducing Formal Languages and Compilers Laboratory

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Introduction

Compiler

Bibliograph

1 Introduction

2 Compiler Structure

3 Advice



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# **Topics**

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In this 5 lessons we will see:

- how theoretical concepts (e.g. regular expressions) are exploited in compiler development
- how a compiler is internally organized and how it works
- how to modify a simple compiler

Some concepts can be applied in everyday work.



## Exam

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The lab is  $\frac{1}{5}$  of the exam score:

- you need to pass the lab exam in order to pass the whole exam
- you need at least  $\frac{15}{30}$  to pass the lab test

Usually the lab exam is performed before the theory exam. You can consult anything you want during the exam:

except your classmates and your laptops/phones



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## Basic Assumptions

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This is a 4-th year course, so we require:

- a good knowledge of C language
- usage of compiler-related tools (e.g. gcc, make, ...)
- your brain



# A Tiny and Nice Compiler I

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#### Compiler purpose is:

• translating a program written with language  $L_0$  into a semantically equivalent program expressed with language  $L_1$ 

A compiler is organized like a pipeline:

each stage applies transformation to the input program producing an output program



# A Tiny and Nice Compiler II

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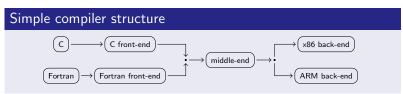
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A simple compiler contains at least three stages:



Different stages for different purposes:

front-end abstract from the hardware
middle-end abstract from both high-level language and
hardware

back-end abstract from the high-level language



#### Front-end

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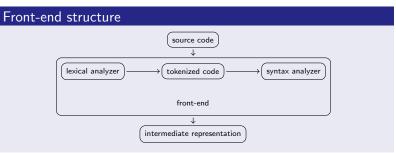
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Front-end purpose is to translate code into a *intermediate form*.



#### Main actions:

- recognize language constructs
- find syntax error



## Back to Real World: GCC

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#### Many front-ends:

most of them target the TREE language

Common lowering to intermediate representation:

■ GIMPLE and GIMPLE-SSA languages

#### At last:

- translation to RTL language
- back-ends emit native instructions

#### The dark side:

language hooks



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### Think First

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We will see very few-concepts:

- tokens
- statements
- control structures
- **.**.

You already know how to use them:

you only need to understand how to recognize and compile them

Many statements are just a variation of a common idiom:

syntactic sugar around a concept



## UNIX is your friend

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Every UNIX-derived OS contains a lot of compiler-related tools:

- to automate compilers development
- to automate tedious tasks

Few will works on compilers, almost all, soon or later, will find a tedious task:

- count the occurrences of a pattern
- substitute a parametric sentence with another
- . . . .

Tools (grep, sed, awk) can automate your work!



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